

Annual Report

2015



RAHMA
Islamic Relief



RAHMA ISLAMIC RELIEF-PAKISTAN

Legal Status:

Registered in 2009 as an non-profit, non-governmental entity under The Act, 1882 at Islamabad, Pakistan.

Vision

To be a dynamic organization working towards creation of a just and caring society

Mission

To improve the life quality of vulnerable people through sustainable development and ensure timely humanitarian assistance in need.





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Message from the Chairman



RAHMA Islamic Relief has effectively responded to different disasters like flood and earthquake in 2015. During the flood 2015, more than one million people were evacuated to relief camps established by government and other relief organizations. The flooding caused damage to houses, crops and infrastructure, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and Punjab amongst the Provinces worst hit. Earthquake 2015 almost caused the same damages about one hundred thousand houses damaged.

RAHMA Islamic Relief responded across the Pakistan to natural disasters at levels never before abstract, whilst the local capacity is limited, the global call for assistance was made below the need on the ground & actual donations received were insufficient.

With the support of the RAHMA Islamic Relief Fund Norway and other partner's philanthropist, funds were raised for the assistance of victims during the emergency. RAHMA Islamic Relief through its integrated approach assisted communities to rebuild their confidence through mobilization with adequate Health and sanitation facilities, ensured to provide food and non-food item including clean drinking water and medicines as well as medical treatment.

In the year 2015, RAHMA Islamic Relief reached 62,908 by spending Rs. 59 million, extended their services to marginalized and deserving population of the country. Provided health services to 28193 peoples through Regular project on health at Punjab and AJK, benefit 17,280 households in WASH sector, 6959 families in seasonal program, 4900 in emergency (Flood 2015, and Earthquake 2015), continued the education services to slum based population through RAHMA Slum based School in Rawalpindi, build the livelihoods capacity of women in trailing and embroidery at Kotli, AJK.

In the reporting year RAHMA managed to reduce administrative overheads and kept around 4% which ensures the funds which have been entrusted to us reach the beneficiaries. I am thankful to RAHMA Islamic Relief partners and institutional donors for their support, and staff for their dedication, hard work and sincere efforts to reach the most especially RIRF and Emabssy of Japan vulnerable and needy segment's, in 2015.

Mr. Muhammad Saghir Qamar
(Chairman)



RAHMA Islamic Relief

RAHMA Islamic Relief is working in the area of humanitarian assistance, healthcare, education, Livelihoods, social protection and WASH (water, sanitation and hygiene). RAHMA started as an informal group of volunteers working to help the destitute poor in late nineties and gradually their commitment has taken the shape of a team of professionals striving to achieve this goal in an organized manner.

Presently RAHMA is working in Pakistan in the form of three permanent offices and an overall human resource of 81 employees that include 3 interns, 19 staff members at head office and 62 at project locations. The number of registered volunteers are above 1000.



Organizational Structure with respect to responsibilities

Board of Trustees

Mr. Muhammad Saghir Qamar	Chairman
Mr. Nisar Ahmad	Vice Chairman
Mrs. Somiyya Akram	Vice Chairperson
Mr. Umar Hayat Khan	Finance Secretary
Mr. Afzaal Ahmed	General Secretary
Mr. Shahid Mehmood	Member
Mrs. Momina Khan	Member



Core Team

Mr. Zulqarnain Ansari	Senior Programme Manager
Mr. Umair Majeed	Programme Manager
Mr. Sohaib Arif	Finance Manager
Mr. Asadullah Islahi	Coordinator Administration and Field Operations
Mr. Habib-ur-Rahman	Project Development Associate
Mr. Muhammad Yunas	Admin Officer
Mr. Naeem Zaman	Finance Officer
Ms. Sobia Dar	HR Officer
Mr. Bijar Khan	IT Assistant





REVIEW OF THE YEAR 2015

The year 2015 was remained successful for RAHMA Islamic Relief (RIR) by reaching 62,908 beneficiaries through a budget of Rs. 59 million in the field of Health care, Slum Based Education (SBM), Water sanitation, Health & hygiene (WASH), Build the livelihoods of women and Emergency response to flood and Earthquake 2015. The geographic focused was as per previous experience i.e. throughout Pakistan by ensuring the quality, transparency and good governess in the prioritized areas as below:

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 | Emergency response |
| 2 | Health and Nutrition |
| 3 | Education |
| 4 | Water, Sanitation and Health Hygiene (WASH) |
| 5 | Food Security and Livelihoods (FSL) |
| 6 | Seasonal Programmes |

The approach of the work of RAHMA is that having a Head Office at Rawalpindi, two area offices i.e one each in Punjab and AJK. Beside that RAHMA has three hospitals two in AJK and one in Rahim Yar Khan. All the hospitals were equipped with latest technology, expert doctors and administrative set-up. Operationalizing one vocational training center at Kotli, AJK and Slum based educational school in Rawalpindi. Area offices are to report head office on defined periodic basis against the set indicators and progress achieved. There is also monthly meeting held in HO every month to present the progress and planning for the next month. Head Office time to time monitor the activities by the visits of senior's management staff to the area offices. Along with the regular project RAHMA also script short terms project during emergency or need base.

IN 2015, PEOPLE REACHED

RAHMA Islamic Relief extended services to marginalized and deserving population of the country. During the year 2015 RAHMA provided health services to 28193 peoples, benefitted and 17,280 households either directly or indirectly in WASH sector, 6959 families in seasonal programme, 4900 in emergency programs (Flood 2015, and Earthquake 2015), continued the education services to 65 students throughout the year by established slum based School, build the livelihoods capacity of 111 women in tailoring and embroidery and nutritional support to 5600 families after flood 2015. Summary of the beneficiaries remain as per below chart.





1.1 Flood 2015

EMERGENCY RESPONSE

An estimated 334,353 people from 466 villages have been affected by flood 2015 in Punjab, with the districts of Dera Ghazi Khan, Layyah, Mianwali, Muzaffargarh, Rahim Yar Khan and Rajanpur worst hit. Based on reports from PDMA Punjab, 21 people have died and 4 people more than 400 have been injured, with 551 houses and 265,285 acres of crops damaged due to the floods. The PDMA Punjab have established 135 relief camps in affected areas and 14228 people are living in temporary camps. Many affected people have set up makeshift camps near their damaged houses but do not have access to safe drinking water or latrine facilities. There was an urgent need for safe drinking water, cooked food, tents, tarpaulin sheets, health and hygiene kits, fodder for livestock and pit latrines.

In year of 2015 flood left several thousand people homeless caused injuries, deaths and outbreak of deadly diseases. People remained at risk due to contamination in natural water reservoirs. Affected families were temporarily settled at alternate places by the Government and rescuing organizations. At temporary settlements, affectees were in dire need of clean drinking water, food and health facilities. In this critical situation, RAHMA approached flood affected people, and with the help of Qarshi Foundation, distributed clean drinking water and herbal medicine among 400 families which benefited 2800 individuals directly.

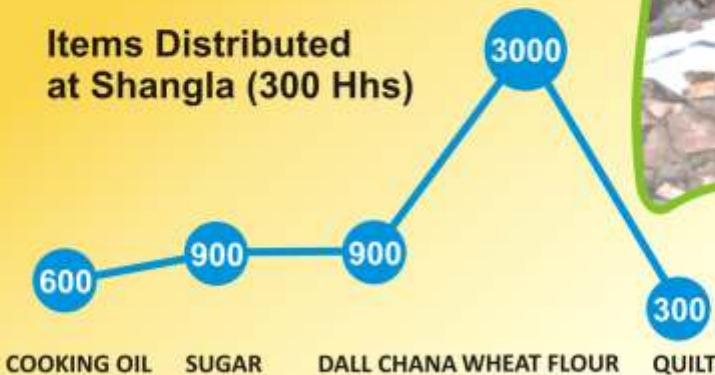


1.1 Earthquake 2015

An Earthquake of magnitude 8.1 Struck Pakistan and Northeastern Afghanistan on October 26, 2015 , The quake was 196 Kilometers deep and centered 82 km southeast of Feyzabad in a remote area of Afghanistan in the Hindu Kush mountain range. The result of heavy earthquake more than 273 people have lost their lives and thousands were reported injured. According to the reports shared by the NDMA the Earthquake have affected 53 Districts across Pakistan affected by the earthquake which includes Khyber Pakhtunkhawah 22, Gilgit Biltistan 06, Punjab 16, Azad Kashmir (AJK 04) & in FATA 05 districts with more than 272 deaths , 2152 injured and 15692 houses were damaged. District Shangla of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa was one of the worse effected district of the Earthquake, which brought damages to major masses in the district, As Shangla is snow fall area and people were on dire need of food and thermal items for their survival. RAHMA reached there with a package comprised on NFIs and Food item distributed among 300 families consist 2100 persons. The Relief package comprise on Cooking oil (2 kg) , sugar (3 Kg), pulses (3 kg), Wheat flour (10 kg), Quilt (one) per family were distributed among the affected population. The graph below shows the total quantity distributed among 300 families in Shangla.



Items Distributed at Shangla (300 Hhs)





Regular Projects 1. HEALTH

Health plays key role in determining the human capital. Better health improves the efficiency and the productivity of the labour force of the country, ultimately contributes the economic growth and leads to human welfare and development. To accomplish better economic growth, more skillful, efficient and productive human resources are needed. Health generates positive externalities for the society as a whole, as well as the equity concerns that without public sector financial support only the wealthy segment of the population would be able to afford reasonable health care services. Health protection is an important instrument aiming at fair burden sharing and reducing barrier underlining access to health care services. The social rate of return and the Burden of Diseases force

the policy-makers to transfer the public resources towards basic health care facilities. To put their share in country development through Health sector, RAHMA Islamic relief running three regular projects on Basic Health care through established Health Centers in AJK and Punjab. These Health centers are operating through financial support of RAHMA Islamic Relief Fund Norway. It provides health facilities at door step to marginalized and deprived communities of the country.



In 2015, 50 wheelchairs have been distributed among disabled persons at RAHMA Hospitals.



2.1 RAHMA HOSPITAL JANPUR RAHIM YAR KHAN, PUNJAB

Healthcare services in Punjab are not equitable. Certain districts of the province are far below the average and their low performance is attributable to widening disparity in the access, coverage and quality of healthcare. The situation is further aggravated with critical shortage of health workforce and

their skewed distribution towards more developed cities of the province. In addition to the doctors, shortage of nurses, allied health professionals and auxiliary services has resulted in limited availability of health workers in the underprivileged and disadvantaged areas of the Punjab province. Rahim Yar Khan is one of the deprived and prone to seasonal flood district of the province. The district was hit by 2010 and 2014 flood which bring miseries in the area in the form destroying the facilities provided by the provincial govt.

RAHMA had focused the vulnerable and marginalized segment of Rahim Yar Khan District by reaching to the area by constructed a Hospital in Tehsil Jan Pur with the purpose to provide sustainable health facility to the



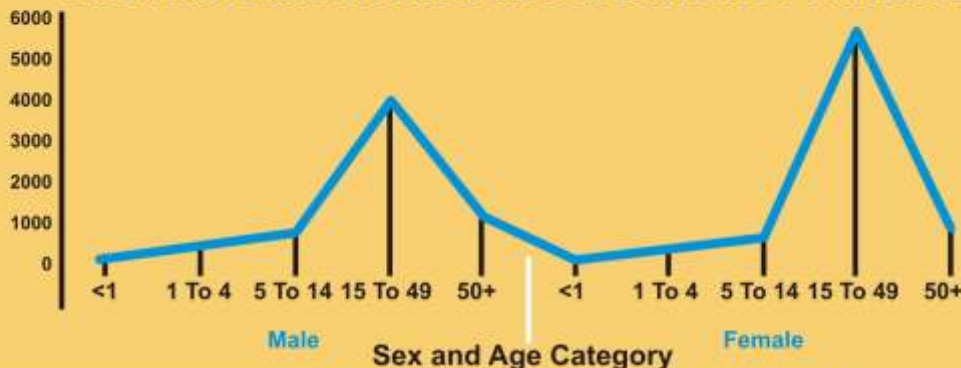
needs

t segment. The hospital was functionalized in 2014, and providing model services under the expert consultation and well medically equipped hospital. The hospital is having laboratory and Digital CR X-Ray for diagnosis of common diseases.

The hospital treated total 14294 patients who were seeking for medical consultation and getting the medicine with very affordable prices, while also provided free of cost medicines to the patients who cannot afford, more than 50 percent patients were women. The field staff of Rahim Yar Khan Hospital organized time to time the medical Camp, health committees and awareness campaign and calendar health days through social mobilization by reaching to the stake holders.

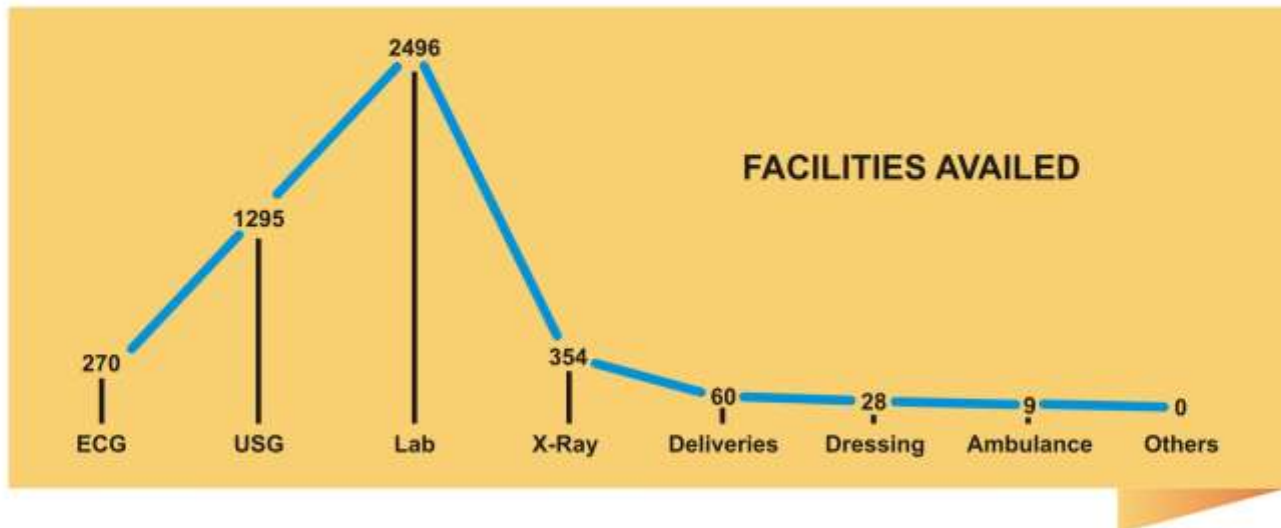


AGE AND GENDER WISE SEGREGATION OF PATIENTS





This hospital is also well equipped and providing the major health facilities, the patients ratios was the highest among the all other centers as the OPD was 14294, 2nd were the laboratories test which is 2496, and the deliveries have been conducted while the dressing and other facilities also provided, below graph show the distribution of patients against the facility in detail.



Along with routine activities, RAHMA organized special training like Rescue 1122, Nutritional awareness, disaster preparedness etc.

Case Study

Rukhsana Bibi

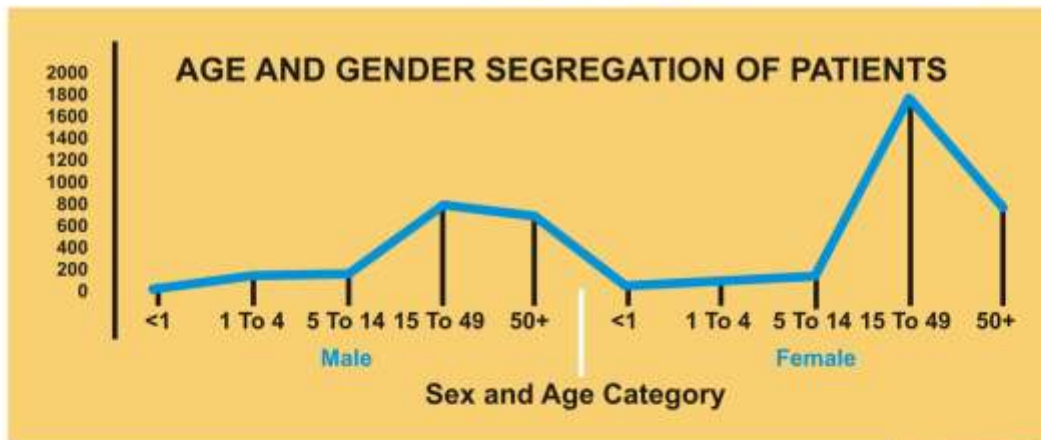
RAHMA Hospital Janpur

Rukhsana Bibi; a 30 year old women tells her story.

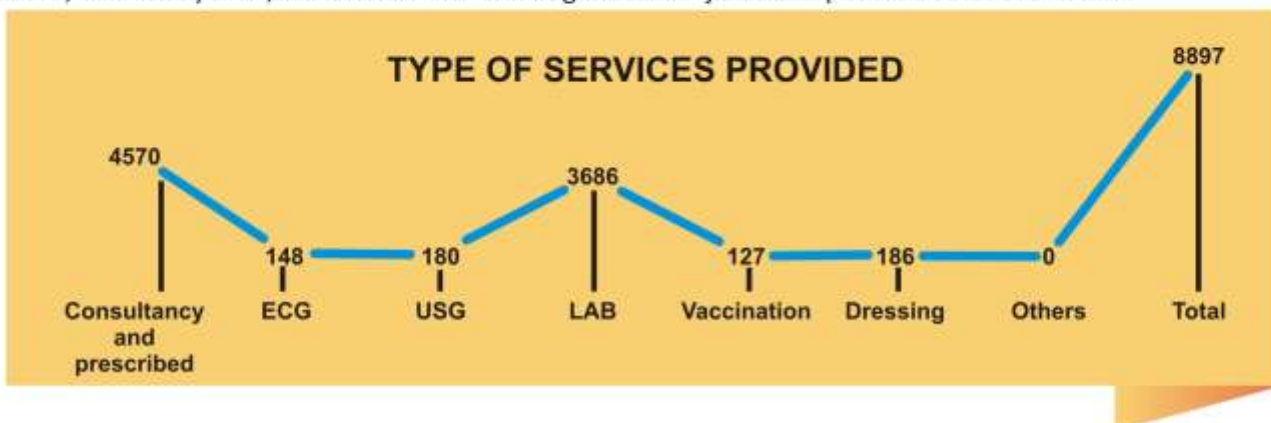
"I was expecting a child after 5 years of marriage. In that situation much confusion was scrolling through my mind in which choosing the right place for child delivery remained on top. I was also considering traditional birth attendants yet was not confident about the safety measures they take during deliveries. It was my first child and therefore wanted it delivered without any risk. Meanwhile I visited a private hospital in Liaquatpur, Rahim Yar Khan, where I discussed all my condition with the lady doctor who informed me that delivery will only be possible through C-section. It made me too scared. I was not happy at all and discussed it with some of my relatives. While discussing the issue, one of my relative told me about RAHMA Hospital Janpur and suggested me a must visit to take opinion from their doctors. Next day i went to RAHMA hospital and discussed my condition with the lady doctor, serving RAHMA hospital Janpur. She thoroughly made a checkup and informed that delivery can be done without C-section and there is no harm in it. It was too relaxing for me and therefore I chosen RAHMA hospital for child birth. By the grace of ALLAH and with the immaculate expertise of staff, child was delivered very safely. The nurturing environment with warm soothing color and features which were stimulating a home like environment were very comfortable for me and my baby. I and my family are very much thankful to RAHMA for providing such kind of high quality hospital in rural area of Janpur, Rahim Yar Khan. There is no doubt that RAHMA Hospital Japur is a blessing for the rural community of Janpur and people living in its surroundings.

2.2 RAHMA Hospital Khuiratta

Similarly, to extend the health services as per the financial strength of the people, RAHMA established healthcare center at Khuiratta which providing primary health facilities to the rural area of district Kotli since 2010. The center was constructed with financial support of RAHMA Islamic Relief Fund Norway and local community with the aim of providing basic health care. Later on funding from USAID and other donors, it's become a model sustainable rural primary healthcare hospital. Now this hospital under the skilled team of doctors and medical technicians in a well-furnished medically equipped building providing basic health facility in emergency, maternal health and child health, health related awareness raising, capacity building and outreach services, Time to time campaign and social mobilization was carried out. 50 percent women patient out of total.



The centre is a type of semi-hospital, where providing along with basic health some secondary level treatment like USG, Anti-rabies, Diabetes, Hepatitis. The OPD of Khuiratta were 380 patients per month while the other facilities like ECG, Laboratory tests, vaccinations and dressing of minor injuries. Graph below shows the detail:





2.2.1 Other Health Related Activities in Khuiratta:



It was very big hurdle for patient especially for the women to travel on the un-paved road to the hospital, this year RAHMA successfully paved the link road to the hospital. This neither only facilitate the rural community but it may also increase number of outdoor patients.

RAHMA Hospital Khuiratta conducted free Medical camps and workshops at different educational institutions and at community level to raise awareness among the masses during the year 2015. The area office also observed the world Hepatitis day and other health days with the community to aware them about the spreading of these diseases. Such activities are helpful to raise awareness about health.

2.2.1 Awareness rising among the population about health





Case Study - Khalida Bibi, RAHMA Hospital Khuiratta

Patient Khalida Bibi belong to a low socioeconomic family. Her husband is an electrician and the only source of income. His monthly income is RS. 8000 and is being spent on five daughters and one son. Her elder daughter has problem of ataxia. She also visited district kotli to many private hospital for treatment but could not well. She heard from someone about RAHMA hospital khuiratta and she started her checkup and after necessary laboratory investigation Medical officer RAHMA hospital khuiratta prescribed her medicines. After few visits to doctor. She has improved and now she is healthy and enjoying with her family.



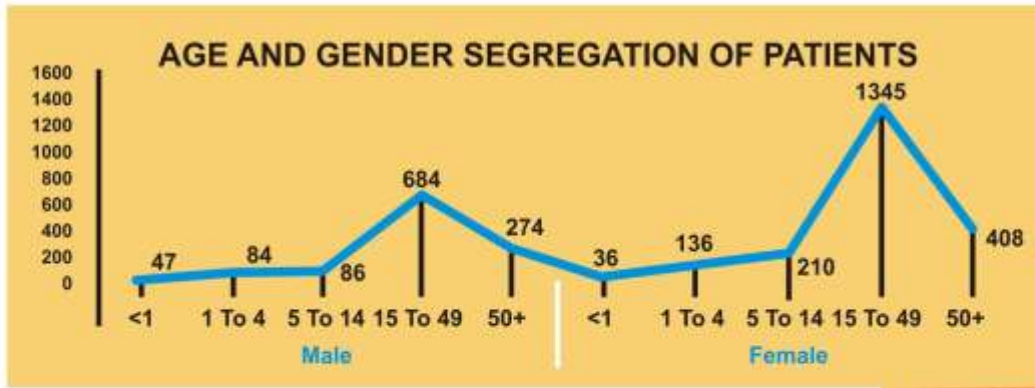
2.2 RAHMA Basic Health Center Dhanwan

According to Planning and development department, the health coverage in Azad Jammu & Kashmir is still inadequate. There are approximately 3111 hospital beds available in the area averaging one bed per 1368 people. The total number of Doctors, including Administrative Doctors, Health Managers & Dentists is 887 out of which there are 762 Medical Officers/Specialists, 69 Dental Surgeons and 56 Health Managers giving an average of 0.208 per 1000 population in respect of Doctors, 0.178 Per 1000 Population in respect of Medical Officers/Specialists, 0.016 per 1000 Population in respect of Dentists and 0.013 per 1000 pop.

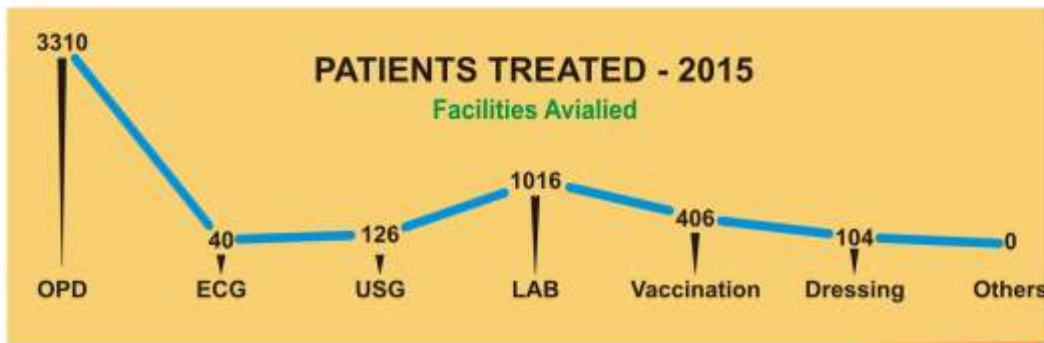
Keeping the dire need of health services, RAHMA started Rural Health center in Dhanwa which is located in a rural and far flung area of district Kotli. The facility providing health services to rural area under the consultation of expert

doctors, and latest equipment for disease diagnosis and treatment. In year 2015 more than 5002 patients were benefited from the facility, these patients were of different age and gender. Despite of the remoteness and gender disparity, more than fifty percent patients were women and children whose were unable to reach the district head quarter Hospital. The gender based segregation of disease treated at facility is given in the below charts.





These patients were provided with the basic health requirement as per the standard, which is shown in the graph below.



Out of 5002 patients 3310 availed OPD, 40 ECG, 126 USG, 1016 lab tests, 406 different type of vaccinations, 104 dressing after minor injuries. Along with the basic medical care, RAHMA conducted medical camp on Breast cancer awareness, hepatitis (A, B and C) and Mother Child Health (MCH).





Case Study

Muhammad Sharif

RAHMA Basic Health Center Dhanwan, AJK

Muhammad Sharif, a 60 years old resident of Nahani – Dhanwan, Azad Kashmir is a poor man. He has 3 sons who are merely bearing their own expenses hand to mouth. Almost 7 years ago, he was working in Karachi at furnace oil factory. Due to vulnerable job environment, he got asthma and he had to quit his job. He went out to different doctors but due to expenditures, could not continue treatment for long. Doctors advised him regular medication and hospital's visits which was impossible for him.

He came back to his native town where he preferred to rest as it was not possible for him to start any kind of work. His sons started work on daily wages but earnings were not enough to cater the expenditures of hospitals for their father. Muhammad Sharif contacted different hospitals for financial support but nothing went in his favor.

Meanwhile RAHMA Islamic Relief started its primary healthcare center in his native town which already had facility of sahoolat card (Facilitation card) for poor patients. RAHMA not only provided free healthcare services but also focused on awareness raising among community. Doctor and other staff members remain in touch with community in order to find health issues among patients so that possible solution could be provided. In this regard, RAHMA conducted several mobile camps during which many of the patients were identified and treated against deadly diseases. Many of the deserving patients were given Sahoolat card through which, they were able to receive free healthcare services that includes, consultation, medication and laboratory tests. Muhammad Sharif was one of those deserving patients who visited RAHMA mobile clinic. After verification, he was given Sahoolat card, and advised by the doctor to visit RAHMA health center on regular basis. At that time, Muhammad Sharif was in critical condition as he neglected his deteriorating health due to expenditures for last couple of years.

Muhammad Sharif got his regular treatment and improved day by day. He has now started working at some general store as supporting staff. His earnings have been improved as same as his health condition. Muhammad Sharif says "I am totally amazed that after 7 years of bed rest in a very critical health problem; I am again standing on my feet and earning for my family. I was sure that my sufferings will end up with my death, yet GOD given me another chance for me to serve myself and my family. I am not fully recovered, yet I am feeling 80% healthy as compared to my condition before consulting RAHMA health center."

RAHMA aims to reach out to most deserving patients like Mr. Sharif who cannot afford the expenses, and to provide them basic health care services, which is their right to have at their door step. Mr. Muhammad Sharif is now RAHMA's regular patient and healthcare team contacts on and off for follow ups.





3- EDUCATION

In Pakistan, street children and children living in urban slums constitute in a social group that has been deprived of their basic human rights and is vulnerable to physical, emotional and sexual abuse. In the majority of cases, these children are the victims of poverty, child labor and abuse. Many factors that contribute in an increase in the number of street children include conflicts within the family, poor parenting, physical, emotional and sexual abuse, peer influence, domestic violence, death of parents, urbanization, famine and war; all of these activate the desire to seek opportunities outside the home environment or parental control. But such a rosy dream shattered up when they face the brutalities of the real world.



RAHMA started a small make-shift school in the slum area of Ratta Amral in Rawalpindi in March 2011. Within three years of the project, the school has not only resulted in improved literacy among slum children, but it has also brought an overall social change in their families too. Later another branch of the school was opened in nearby settled area in a rented building. The plan was to enroll more slum children as well as children from settled area and provide them quality education and opportunity to mix up with each other so that the social and mental divide between the two groups can be minimized and the slum children can be motivated to acquire secondary and professional education or employable skills and be able to break the cycle of poverty. The SBM school of RAHMA currently had enrolled only 65 students due to limited resources. There are four expert teachers. The students were provided the school uniform, books and other occurring expenses on

schooling. Beside it, recreational activities also organized for the students in the shape of exposure trip, parent's teacher council, calendar events organization etc.





Case Study

Sumbal Ramzan

SBM School, Rawalpindi

Sumbal Ramzan; a 12 year old little girl lives in a small hut with her parents and 2 brothers. The place where she lives is called a slum area of Ratta Amraal, Rawalpindi which is located at the bank of drain water stream called "Nala Lai". Ratta Amraal is the same area where RAHMA runs a small school in a hut for the children of slum dwellers who earn their bread and butter through begging and other inappropriate means. Sumbal was one of those children who used to beg with her parents for the entire day. Her father is a drug addict who not even begs but wastes all of that money in buying the drugs. Daily expenses were used to be met through the amount collected by Sumbal, her mother and brothers. Her mother said "There have been many nights in which we had nothing to eat or had inadequate food to kill starve. It is not easy to beg in front of people but yet better than sleeping at night with the empty stomach".



Sumbal went out to streets in the age when children usually earn education instead of money to support their families. She was being raised among slum residents who were already socially excluded, and were famous for begging, prostitution and street crimes. She might have been raised as the same person, but she was lucky. RAHMA teachers came to her parents to raise awareness among them for child education.

RAHMA has been providing education in the area since 2012. During this period, teachers of RAHMA slum school regularly conduct meetings with slum dwellers to make them realize the importance of child education. As other residents of the slum, parents of Sumbal were in high favor of not sending their children to school as children were considered to be full time earning source.

With the passage of time while continuous meetings with the parents of Sumbal; they agreed to send her to school which was an ice breaking for their family. Before her induction in the school, she was totally unaware of education and its importance. However later on she mastered not only the course work but also improved her overall conduct, behavior and communication. She improved a lot and started behaving like the children of educated families. This was pleasant change for her parents that made them think of educating their other children as well. Mr. Ramzan (father of Sumbal) took a lot of interest in the education of his children and admitted his youngest son too at RAHMA slum based school.

Mr. Ramzan said "Sending two of my children to school has definitely reduced my income but it does not matter to me at all. I am happy that now my children are able to read and write, and their behavior is more like the children of educated families, that gives me immense pleasure". He assured to try his level best to at-least make his children graduated from Government College.

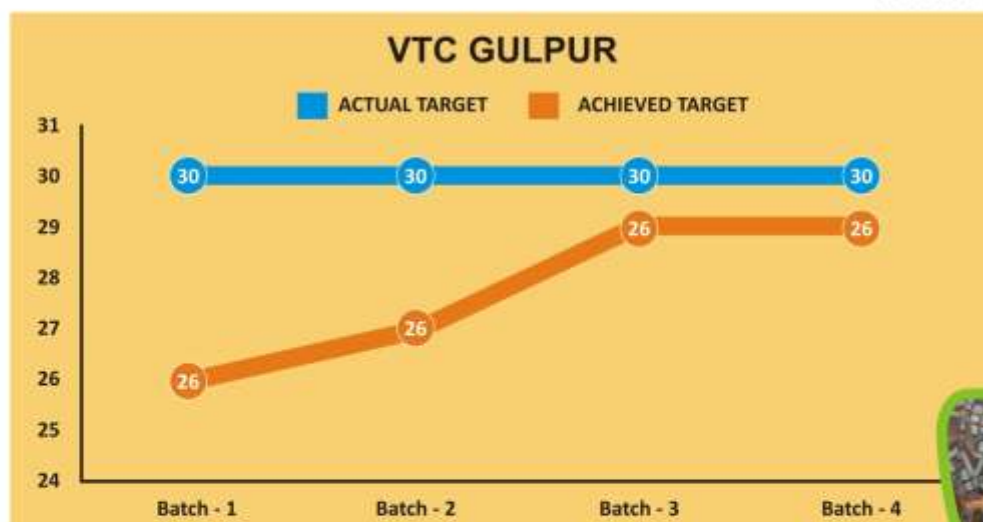
Sumbal is a shining student and have been securing first position since her admission at RAHMA School. If she was given chances with more motivation, guidance and facilities; she would earn good name not only to her family but also would become an example of all those slum residents, who have false perception that begging will always be their future.



4- LIVELIHOODS

Strengthening and activating the informal sector through skills development so that it could act as a vehicle of employment provision and improved income can foster sustainable economic and social development and thus play an important role in poverty reduction. At individual level, access to vocational education and training of specified standards and quality and with strong market linkages could raise people's earning potential and improve their livelihood.

Keeping in view the conceptual frame work of livelihoods RAHMA Islamic Relief established Vocational Training Center at Kotli AJK, the purpose of the said center is to build the capacity of local vulnerable and marginalized community especially the migrated segment from occupied Kashmir. Through this center RAHMA is providing quality vocational training to women. This center also supporting them to perform an entrepreneur and make this profession as their livelihoods. In the reporting year, four batches have been successfully completed three months training each, for 111 women trainees in 2015. These women were provided the tools required for trailing and embroidery along with sewing machine to continuous this profession as their source of livelihoods. The graph below show the planned and achieved target.



Case Study
Not disabled but differently-able
A story of Rozeena Ilyas

RAHMA Vocational Training Center Gulpur, AJK

Rozeena Ilyas, daughter of Muhammad Ilyas, a differently able young girl aged 22 lives in a far flung area of Sehrmandi Kothiyan, Azad Kashmir. She is paralyzed since birth and belongs to a very poor family that runs through the income, generated from a small piece of agricultural land. Her family constitute large number of members including 5 brothers and 4 sisters and parents. Their income is too meager to bear the expenses of 11 family members as her father is the only one who earns for her family. There is no direct road access towards her home and it takes usually 1 and a half hour walk to reach main road which connects their hamlet to other areas.

Due to poverty, she could not continue her studies after primary education. She is the eldest child therefore she always wanted to support her father in income generation. She always had intention to learn stitching though which she could make some money in the future. Alas, she had no option in the premises to learn stitching free of cost.

Life went on passing through miseries and one day she came to know about RAHMA vocational training center which was not located at nearest but yet was the only option for her to learn stitching, designing and embroidery skills for free of cost. Though, the vocational training center was at the distance of 2 hours from her house yet she was keen and enthusiastic to build her career as tailor. Walking on feet for 1 and half hour, waiting for local transport on main road and then to reach vocational training center in another 30 minutes was not an easy job for a differently able person like Rozeena. Her zeal was sky high and craving to do something for her family was more than anything, made her strong enough to take admission at RAHMA vocational training center.

She remained bright student for the entire 3 months coaching period. Rozeena was fast learner with immense intuitions towards tailoring skills. She proved to be the best and secured First position in her batch after exams. As a reward, she was not only given certificate but also a sewing machine.

Now Rozeena have become expert tailor and is the only one who can stitch clothes in her area. She is earning handsome amount and helping her father to bear family expenses. Her father is too happy and says that he was worried about her that how could she be able to survive in this cruel world with physical deprivation. For him it was most precious gift from RAHMA that helped his daughter gaining the confidence to not only survive but also made her able to support the family.

Indeed, it was just a small effort by RAHMA to provide free vocational skills to poverty stricken girls but the impact remained too large. Most of all, Rozeena proved that physical disabilities are not hindrances in achieving something in life but sometimes they bring more power and charisma in the efforts of people who may have thought at some point that disabilities will never allow them to live the way others do.



5- WATER AND SANITATION HYGIENE (WASH)



Clean water, basic toilets and good hygiene practices are essential for the survival and development of children. Today, there are around 2.4 billion people who do not use improved sanitation, and 663 million who do not have access to improved water sources. Without these basic needs, the lives of millions of children are at risk. For children under five, water- and sanitation-related diseases are one of the leading causes of death. Every day, over 800 children die from preventable diseases caused by poor water, and a lack of sanitation and hygiene. Water is the basic necessity of life but it is the dilemma of our society that a major chunk of country's population are deprived from clean drinking water and the reports of WHO, revealed that the water supplied to the citizens of many parts of the country is contaminated and not fit for human consumption.



According to United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), 20 to 40 % beds are occupied in the hospitals of Pakistan by patients suffering from water related diseases. Unfortunately, most of the water sources are contaminated and there is no proper mechanism exists whereby poor people could get clean water (both biologically and chemically treated) . According to another report in Pakistan one-quarter of all people attending hospitals are ill from water-related diseases as a result of poor sanitation and lack of safe drinking water facilities. Countries providing clean water and sanitation greatly reduce child mortality.

Therefore RAHMA Islamic Relief keep WASH among one of the thematic area. Main objective is to provide the availability of clean drinking water to poor and needy people, who have no access to clean water. In the reporting year RAHMA mainly focused WASH activities in Rahim Yar Khan Tehsil Liaquatpur as one of four tehsil of district Rahim Yar Khan, which is the most vulnerable to flood and poverty. In 2010, the area was severely hit by the gigantic flood of the history of Pakistan. The population was again severely affected by the flood in 2013. These multiple floods increase the problems of the people especially in areas of health, WASH and food security.

RAHMA intervened in the WASH sector by directly benefitted 4920 families through installing 82 Hand pumps, and raised awareness among the masses which in total benefit indirectly 34440 individuals. The average depth of the hand pump were 80 feet which is more than the water level as to ensure the sustainability of the activity. Segregation of the projects executed by RAHMA in WASH sector as:



5.1 Installation of Afridive Hand Pumps in Rahim Yar Khan

RAHMA installed 65 Afridive Hand Pumps in Rahim Yar Khan with the financial support of Yardimeli, Turkey and Qatar Charity, which benefits 3900 families with an average of 60 families per Afridive Hand Pumps and total 27300 beneficiaries were counted from the project.

5.2 Traditional Hand pump Installation

In the same reporting year RAHMA also installed 17 traditional Hand pump at different location of District Rahim Yar Khan with the financial support of Yardimeli and RAHMA Islamic Relief Fund Norway. This activity benefits 1020 families, with an average of 60 Families per traditional hand pump which benefit total 7140 individuals.



6- NUTRITIONAL SUPPORT



Hunger and inadequate food supply are still affecting large parts of the world's population with serious consequences for health and well-being, especially in children. Under nutrition and malnutrition in childhood interfere with physical and mental development, thus compromising whole lives. Assuring adequate nutrition from an early age is therefore a prerequisite for a society's prosperity. Diet plays a special role because of the importance of specific micro nutrients for growth and development. Climate change and El-nino waves badly effect District Tharparkar, Sindh in term of severe drought weather for last five years, which create much gape of Malnutrition. As per the mission of RAHMA to ensure timely help, to the vulnerable community in Thar and distributed nutritional packages among 275 Women who were pregnant or given birth to children or have children under the age of 5 years. We conducted number of session with the technical support of District Head Quarter Hospital Mitthi to raise awareness among the masses about Nutrition and health. This benefits 600 families (Approximately 5400). This activity was initiated late in 2014 and was completed in 2015.



7- SEASONAL PROGRAMMES

During the month of Ramadan and on occasion of Eid-ul-Adha, RAHMA Islamic Relief distributes food and Qurbani Meat parcels to those, whose diet lack the essential food nutrients around the year. The aim of these distributions is to share the Ramadan and Eid-ul-Adha Blessings and address food security and mal-nourishment for the most vulnerable households in food deficient areas where people do not have access to food needed for balance diet. This Programme is designed to complement RAHMA longer-term relief and development projects that provide sustainable assistance in improving living conditions of vulnerable communities.



7.1 RAMADAN PACKAGE-2015

i- Iftar-us-SaaimProject 2015 at AJ & K.

Under the project named "Iftar-us-Saaim 2015" RAHMA distributed Ramadan package to 86 widows and orphans of the refugees residing in Kotli, AJK. Total beneficiaries of the project were 776 individuals. Each food packet had cost of 1500 of food that is important to the diet of the recipients, and is intended to help a family of seven to nine people. This includes Sugar, rice, Pulses, oil, salt, sugar, flour, tea, Basin, Red Chili, Spices, and dates.

ii. Ramadan Package at District Rawalpindi

Similarly with Iftar-us-Saaim Project RAHMA has also distributed food package to 100 families with average family size of nine person per family in District Rawalpindi during the holy month of Ramadan. The package include sugar, Gram flour, pulses, Sharbet, White flour, Rice, Oil and dates. Total beneficiaries of this package were 900 individuals.





7.2- QURBANI 2015

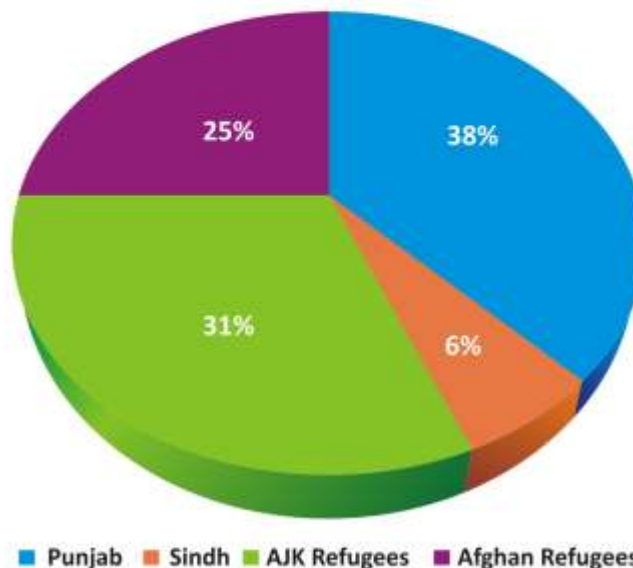
RAHMA Islamic Relief has successfully executed the Qurbani Programme in Punjab, AJK, Sindh and Afghan refugees by slaughtering 80 cows and 27 goats benefitting over 587 families with average family size of 9 person per family counting total beneficiaries 5283 individuals.

RAHMA Islamic Relief's Qurbani programme over the years has been increasing in size, helping more and more people. RAHMA's Qurbani parcels are distributed to the most vulnerable people in the communities where we work

including orphans, widows, elderly, and those whose diet lack of essential nutrients. Each meat packet on an average contains 5kg of meat which is expected to enough for a family of nine person. These people live below the poverty line and many are mal-nutrition. For the majority of these people, meat is not part of their regular diet. The Qurbani meat allows some families to eat meat after a whole year. When families receive Qurbani meat, it fosters a real sense of hope and joy for them and allows them to celebrate this important occasion along with millions of other Muslims.

Every Eid-ul-Adha, RAHMA provides the Qurbani meat to poor people, in-line with Shariah requirements. We priorities the most vulnerable families through our standard selection criteria. We also ensure that animals are transported and slaughtered humanitarianly, by managing the whole transportation and logistics network. Strict

hygiene standards cover the handling, packing and distribution of all meat are followed. Provincial distribution of the Quabani meat 2015 are as, 38 percent distributed in Punjab, 31 percent in AJK, 25 Percent in Afghan Refugees camps and 6 percent in Sindh.





Visits of RAHMA Islamic Relief Fund Norway to Pakistan

The pioneers and senior board members of RAHMA Islamic Relief Fund Norway that includes Chairman of RAHMA Islamic Relief Fund visited Pakistan during the reporting year to review the progress of ongoing projects. The objective of this visit was to review the progress and replicate the innovative projects of RAHMA Pakistan especially in Health services in other countries. To honor the delegation, RAHMA Pakistan organized formal reception in which they were welcomed by the representatives of govt. and international NGOs. Mr. Baleegh-ur-Rahman (Federal Minister for Education) was the chief guest.



Annual Award of Excellence



According to regular activity to appraise the performance of staff through annual award of excellence, RAHMA arranged Annual Award of Excellence-2015 in two different places i.e Area Office Rahim Yar Khan and Area Office Kotli. RAHMA pioneers from Norway Mr. Malik Munir, representative from different line departments, Volunteers and community social activists participated in the annual award of excellence. The awards were distributed among excellent, very good and good employees of the organization on the basis of their annual performance.

VOLUNTEERS OF RAHMA

As RAHMA is not-for-profit organization, so on the behalf of communities RAHMA have registered a bulge of volunteers who work in their vicinity for the welfare of human being especially during disaster under the guideline of RAHMA without any compensation. The volunteers are being trained by RAHMA in their role during disaster and other regular activities for the wellbeing of humanity.



Financial Summary:

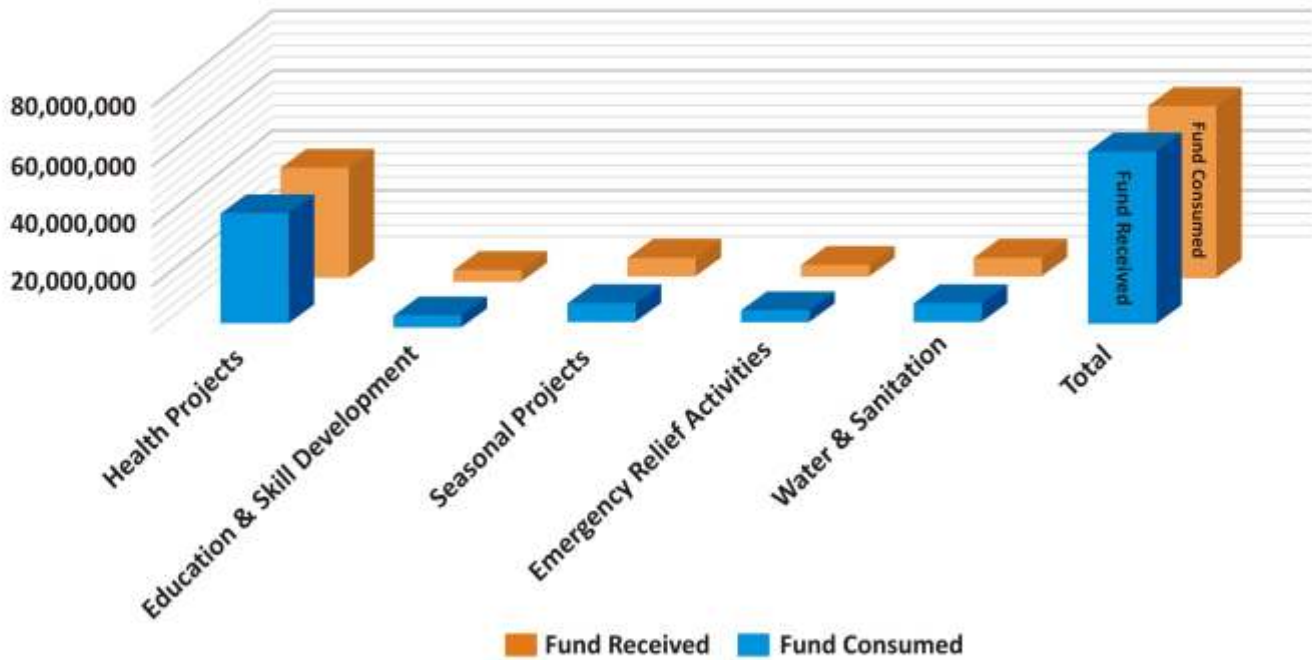
RAHMA focus was to expend on the programme activities designed for more needy and vulnerable communities. In this regard RAHMA spends 6.6 percent more from the previous year financial budget. This resulted increased numbers of beneficiaries. During the year 2015, the fund received from different donors was PKR 60,052,171/- while consumed PKR. 58,988,722/-, sector wise detail is given in the below chart.



Financial Data

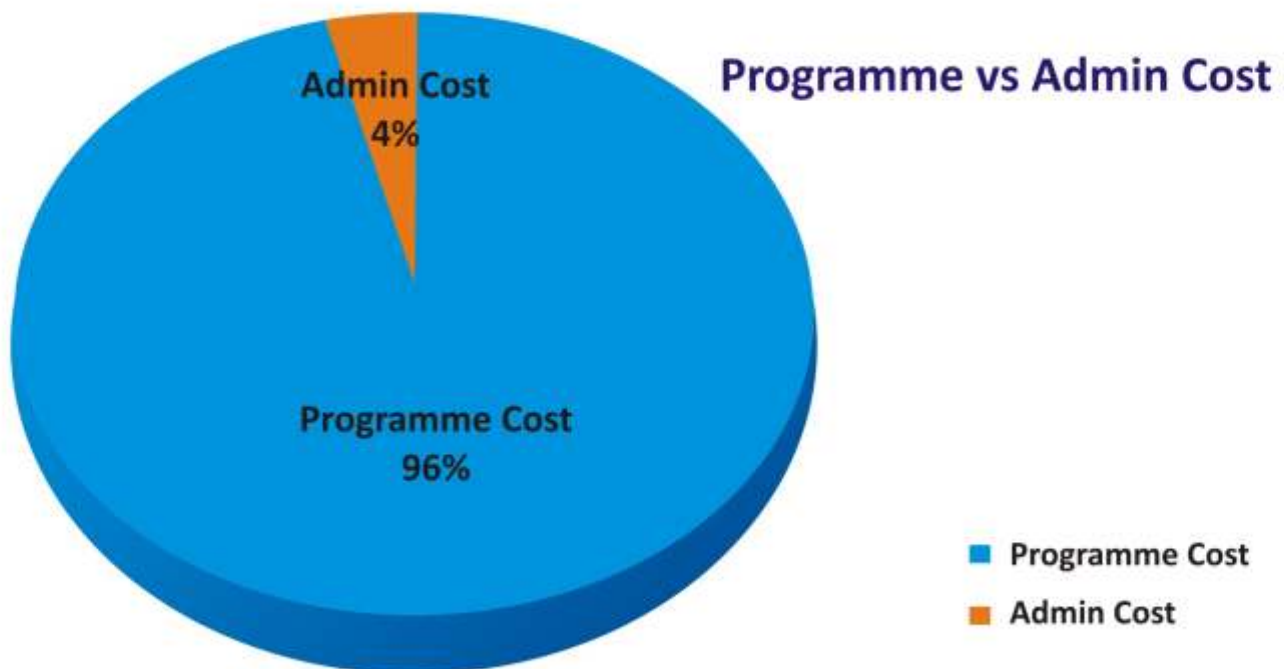
Sr.#	Project description	Fund Received	Program Cost	Admin Cost	Total	Balance
1	Health Projects					
1.1	RAHMA Hospital Janpur RYK	9,942,059	17,104,155	924,084	18,028,239	(8,086,180)
1.2	RAHMA Hospital Khuiratta	8,541,387	7,092,823	748,513	7,841,336	700,051
1.3	RAHMA Hospital Dhanwan Kotli	9,387,042	6,136,479	621,415	6,757,894	2,629,148
1.4	Provision of Medical equipment in RAHMA Hospital RYK	10,044,551	4,872,700	-	4,872,700	5,171,851
	Sub-Total-1	37,915,039	35,206,157	2,294,012	37,500,169	414,870
2	Education & Skill development					
2.1	Slum Base Model School	2,303,435	1,280,510	-	1,280,510	1,022,925
2.2	Vocational Training Center	2,127,600	1,170,161	-	1,170,161	957,439
	Sub-Total-2	4,431,035	2,450,671	-	2,450,671	1,980,364
3	Seasonal Projects					
3.1	Qurbani Project	5,774,557	5,835,246	-	5,835,246	(60,689)
3.2	Iftar Us Saiam	904,270	1,112,350	-	1,112,350	(208,080)
	Sub-Total-3	6,678,827	6,947,596	-	6,947,596	(268,769)
4	Emergency Relief Activities					
4.1	Emergency Relief FATA	1,597,066	1,483,426	-	1,483,426	113,640
4.2	Emergency Relief RYK	1,540,374	1,545,836	-	1,545,836	(5,462)
4.3	Emergency Relief THARPARKAR	1,350,675	1,416,199	-	1,416,199	(65,524)
	Sub-Total-4	4,488,115	4,445,461	-	4,445,461	42,654
5	Water & Sanitation					
5.1	Installation of Hand Pumps	6,539,155	7,644,825	-	7,644,825	(1,105,670)
	Sub-Total-5	6,539,155	7,644,825	-	7,644,825	(1,105,670)
	Grand Total	60,052,171	56,694,710	2,294,012	58,988,722	1,063,449

Distribution of Fund with respect of activities



Comparison of Administration and Programme Cost

RAHMA always intense to minimize the administrative cost as much as possible as to benefit the rural community, so in the reporting year administrative cost plunge to 4 percent as compare to programme cost of 96 percent.





AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE TRUSTEES

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Rahma Islamic Relief which comprise of the balance sheet as at June 30, 2015 and the related income and expenditure account and cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Trustees are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and for such internal control as the Trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the approved auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by Trustees as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Rahma Islamic Relief as at June 30, 2015 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Other Matter

The financial statements of Rahma Islamic Relief for the year ended June 30, 2014 were audited by another firm of auditors; whose report dated February 18, 2015 expressed an unqualified opinion. *Same*

ISLAMABAD
DATE: *Sept 5, 2015*

Suriya Nauman Rehan & Co.
SURIYA NAUMAN REHAN & CO.
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
Engagement Partner:
Mr. Nauman Rafique, FCA



RAHMA ISLAMIC RELIEF
BALANCE SHEET
AS AT JUNE 30, 2015

	Notes	2015 Rupees	2014 Rupees
Fund Account			
Un-Restricted fund	4	42,596,659	37,031,367
Against projects		22,164,730	13,715,099
Against capital expenditure		29,702,433	29,702,433
Restricted fund		51,867,163	43,417,532
		94,463,822	80,448,899
Current Liabilities			
Accrued and other liabilities	5	2,329,643	2,718,148
Contingencies and commitments			
	6	-	-
		<u>96,793,465</u>	<u>83,167,047</u>
Non Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	7	52,149,665	53,416,825
Long term investments	8	1,500,000	1,500,000
Current Assets			
Loans and advances	9	1,444,368	2,470,279
Accounts receivable		42,435	144,237
Security deposit	10	413,267	413,267
Short term investments	11	16,198,663	16,000,000
Cash and bank balances	12	25,045,067	9,222,439
		43,143,800	28,250,222
		<u>96,793,465</u>	<u>83,167,047</u> <i>Same</i>

The annexed notes from 1 to 20 form an integral part to these financial statements.


 Chairman


 Secretary Finance



RAHMA ISLAMIC RELIEF
INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT
AS AT JUNE 30, 2015

	Notes	2015 Rupees	2014 Rupees
INCOME			
Grants	13	45,388,990	42,833,682
Receipts	14	6,380,804	3,728,047
Donations	15	6,050,870	4,191,573
Other Income	16	1,955,000	1,631,959
		59,775,664	52,385,261
EXPENDITURE			
Programme activities	17	55,426,921	50,624,942
Administrative expenses	18	6,377,405	5,297,766
		61,804,326	55,922,708
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year		<u>(2,028,662)</u>	<u>(3,537,447)</u> <i>Sure</i>

The annexed notes from 1 to 20 form an integral part to these financial statements.


Chairman
Secretary Finance

News Coverage



Our Partners & Donors





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Islamic Relief

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